APPENDIX B APPLICABLE OR RELEVANT AND APPROPRIATE REQUIREMENTS

Standard, Requirement		Tamy Time, Washington	
Criteria, or Limitation	Citation	Description	Applicable/Relevant and Appropriate?
		FEDERAL	
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	40 USC § 300		
National Toxics Rule	40 CFR Part 131	Establishes water quality standards for protection of human health and aquatic organisms for states that fail to fully comply with Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 303(c)(2)(C).	Not Applicable—the State of Washington has been delegated this program.
National Primary Drinking Water Regulations	40 CFR Part 141	Establishes health-based standards, maximum contaminant levels (MCL) and maximum contaminant level goals (MCLG), for public water systems.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate to potable surface water at the site; however, Removal Action does not involve a public water supply.
Clean Water Act (CWA)	33 USC §§ 1314		
National Recommended Water Quality Criteria (NWQC)	33 USC § 1251 et seq., Section 304(a), 40 CFR Part 131	Establishes non-enforceable criteria for water quality based on toxicity to aquatic organisms and human health.	Not Applicable—the State of Washington has been delegated this program. Recommended but not enforceable criteria.
Clean Air Act (CAA)	40 USC § 7409		
National Primary and Secondary Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)	42 USC §§ 7401 et seq.	Establishes air quality levels that protect public health.	Not Applicable—only "major" sources are subject to requirements related to NAAQS, defer to state regulation of fugitive dust emissions.
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)	40 USC § 6901- 6992k		
Hazardous Wastes	40 CFR Part 261, Subpart D and C	Defines those solids wastes which are subject to regulation as hazardous wastes under 40 CFR Parts 262-265 and Parts 124, 270, and 271.	Potentially Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate. Washington has not adopted the Bevill Amendment for mining waste. See action-specific ARARs for further discussion.

Standard, Requirement	Citation	Description	Applicable/Relevant and
Criteria, or Limitation	Citation	Description	Appropriate?
		STATE OF WASHINGTON	
Hazardous Waste Removal Reduction Act	RCW Chapter 70.95C	Establishes state policies and goals that encourage the reduction of hazardous substance use and the generation of hazardous waste. Requires certain hazardous waste generators and hazardous substance users to prepare plans for voluntarily reducing hazardous substance use and hazardous waste generation.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate
Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxins Rule	WAC Chapter 173- 333	Establishes criteria to identify persistent bioaccumulative toxins that pose human health or environmental threats, defines chemical action plans preparation, and defines the processes ecology will use to coordinate the implementation of this chapter with the department of health and other agencies.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate
Surface Water Beneficial Uses	WAC Chapter 173- 201A-200 and -600	Requires that surface water bodies be protected for their designated beneficial uses	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate
Dangerous Waste Regulations	WAC Chapter 173-303	(1) Designates solid wastes that are dangerous or extremely hazardous to the public health and environment; (2) provides for surveillance and monitoring of dangerous and extremely hazardous wastes; (3) establishes a system for manifesting, tracking, reporting, monitoring, recordkeeping, sampling, and labeling dangerous and extremely hazardous wastes; (4) establishes siting, design, operation, closure, postclosure, financial, and monitoring requirements for dangerous and extremely hazardous waste transfer, treatment, storage, and disposal facilities; (5) establishes design, operation, and monitoring requirements for managing the state's extremely hazardous waste disposal facility; (6) establishes a program for permitting dangerous and extremely hazardous waste management facilities; and (7) encourages recycling, reuse, reclamation, and recovery to the maximum extent possible.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate

Standard, Requirement	G:L	D	Applicable/Relevant and
Criteria, or Limitation	Citation	Description	Appropriate?
	S	TATE OF WASHINGTON (continued)	
Drinking Water Standards	Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 70.119A, WAC Chapter 246-290	Established health-based MCLs for public water supplies.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate to surface water drinking sources at the site.
Water Quality Standards for Surface Water	RCW 90.48, WAC Chapter 173-201A	Establishes aquatic life criteria for hazardous substances in freshwater.	Potentially Applicable. State of Washington is authorized by EPA to implement CWA.
Model Toxics Control Act (MTCA)	RCW 70.105D, WAC Chapter 173- 340	Specifies that surface water cleanup standards be based on estimates of the highest beneficial use and the reasonable maximum potential exposure under current and future site uses. Establishes administrative processes and standards to identify, investigate, and clean up facilities where hazardous substances have come to be located. It defines the role of the department and encourages public involvement in decision making.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate
	WAC Chapter 173- 340-7490	Specifies procedures for a Terrestrial Ecological Evaluation (TEE) to determine if the existence of hazardous substances at a site could harm terrestrial plants or animals, and to establish cleanup levels to protect biota.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate
Natural Background Soil Metals Concentrations	WDOE Publication 94-115, October 1994	Defines region—specific natural background concentrations for metals in surficial soils throughout the state.	To Be Considered
Sediment Management Standards	WAC 173-204	Establishes freshwater surface sediment management standards.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate
Economic Impact Statement For Proposed Sediment Management Standards	WAC 173-204	The WDOE is proposing a management process for implementing sediment quality standards pursuant to requirements of the Model Toxics Control Act, the Water Pollution Control Act, and the Puget Sound Water Quality Authority Act.	To Be Considered

Standard, Requirement			Applicable/Relevant and				
Criteria, or Limitation	Citation	Description	Appropriate?				
,	FEDERAL						
RCRA	40 USC § 7601						
Hazardous and Solid Waste Regulations	40 CFR Part 264.18	Location standards and restrictions for hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal (TSD) facilities.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate				
	40 CFR §§ 257.3-1 through 257.3-4	Location standards and restrictions for municipal solid waste (MSW) facilities.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate				
Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act	16 USC §§ 661-667	Requires consultation with the USFWS when federal department or agency proposes or authorizes any modification of any stream or other water body to assure adequate protection of fish and wildlife resources.	Potentially Applicable				
Fish and Wildlife Conservation Act	16 USC §§ 2901- 2911	Promotes conservation of non-game fish and wildlife through assistance to states and use of federal authority.	Potentially Applicable				
Protection of Wetlands Executive Order No. 11990	40 CFR Part 6; Appendix A, 40 CFR 6.302(a)	Established to avoid adverse impacts associated with the destruction or loss of wetlands and avoid support of new construction in wetlands if a practicable alternative exists.	Potentially Applicable				
Floodplain Management Executive Order No. 11988	40 CFR Part 6, Appendix A 40 CFR 6.302(b)	Requires federal agencies to evaluate the potential effects of actions they may take in a floodplain to avoid the adverse impacts associated with direct and indirect development of a floodplain to the extent possible.	Potentially Applicable				
Dredge and Fill Regulations	33 USC § 1344, 33 CFR 323.1 et seq.	Prohibits discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States without a permit	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate				
Bald Eagle Protection Act	16 USC §§ 668 et seq.	Requires continued consultation with the USFWS during remedial design and remedial construction to ensure that any cleanup of the site does not unnecessarily adversely affect the bald or golden eagle.	Applicable Requirement				
Endangered Species Act (ESA)	16 USC §§ 1531- 1544	Outlines procedures for federal agencies to follow if actions may jeopardize listed species. Activities may not jeopardize the continued existence of any threatened or endangered species or destroy or adversely modify a critical habitat.	Potentially Applicable				

Standard, Requirement			Applicable/Relevant and			
Criteria, or Limitation	Citation	Description	Appropriate?			
	FEDERAL (continued)					
National Forest Management Act (NFMA), Mt. Baker Snoqualmie NF Land and Resource Management Plan (LRMP, 1989), as amended by Pacific Northwest Forest Plan (NWFP, 1994) and subsequent amendments (2001, 2004, and 2007)	16 USC §§ 1600- 1614	NFMA requires land management based on multiple-use, sustained-use yields. The LRMP and NWFP establish guidelines and standards for design, construction, and use of various actions on USFS land.	Potentially Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate			
National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA)	16 USC § 470; 36 CFR Part 800 40 CFR 6.301(b)	Requires federal agencies to take into account the effect of any federally assisted undertaking or licensing on any property with historic, architectural, archeological, or cultural value that is included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places.	Potentially Applicable			
Archaeological Resources Protection Act	16 USC § 470	Specifies actions that must be taken to preserve archaeological resources.	Potentially Applicable			
Archeological and Historic Preservation Act (AHPA)	16 USC § 469 40 CFR 6.301(c)	Establishes procedures to provide for preservation of significant scientific, prehistoric, historic, and archeological data that might be destroyed through alteration of terrain as a result of a federal construction project or a federally licensed activity or program.	Potentially Applicable			
Historic Site, Buildings, Objects, and Antiquities Act	16 USC § 461-467	Requires preservation of historic sites, buildings, and objects of national significance.	Potentially Applicable			
Native American Graves Protection and Reparation Act	25 USC § 3001 et seq.	Establishes protective requirements to be followed when graves or Native American burial sites are encountered.	Potentially Applicable			
The American Indian Religious Freedom Act (AIRFA)	42 USC § 1996	Requires federal agencies to protect the right of Indian tribes to practice their traditional religions.	Potentially Applicable			
Wilderness Act	16 USC §§ 1131- 1136	Established the National Wilderness Preservation System, which concerns leaving lands unimpaired for future use as a wilderness.	Potentially Applicable			

Standard, Requirement Criteria, or		,	Applicable/Relevant and
Limitation	Citation	Description	Appropriate?
		FEDERAL	
		FEDERAL	
Clean Water Act	33 USC § 1342		
National Pollutant Discharge	40 CFR Part 122.26	In general, Part 122 provides permit requirements for	Potentially Applicable
Elimination System		the discharge of pollutants from any point source into	
		waters of the United States. Part 122.26 requires	
		permits for storm-water discharges.	
CWA – Water Pollution Control Act	33 USC § 1341, Section	Requires certification from the state (WDOE) that	Potentially Applicable
(WPCA), Water Quality Certification	401	discharges into navigable waters comply with applicable water quality standards.	
CWA/WPCA – National Pollution	33 USC § 1342, Section	Establishes requirements for point source discharges	Potentially Applicable
Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)	402	and stormwater runoff.	
CWA/WPCA – Discharge of Dredge and	33 USC § 1344, Section	Regulates the discharge of dredge and fill into waters	Potentially Applicable
Fill Materials	404	of the United States, including wetlands.	
Clean Air Act	42 USC § 7401 et seq., 40 CFR Part 50	Establishes limits for air emissions.	Potentially Applicable
Land Disposal Restrictions (LDRs)	40 CFR Part 268	LDRs place specific restrictions (conc. or trmt) on	Applicable Requirement
Land Disposal Restrictions (LDRs)	40 CFK Falt 208	RCRA hazardous wastes prior to their placement in a	Applicable Requirement
		land disposal unit. Relevant and appropriate LDR	
		requirements will be met if any material accumulations	
		are treated <i>ex situ</i> .	
RCRA Subtitle C – Hazardous Waste	42 USC § 6901, 40 CFR	Specifies hazardous waste identification, management,	Potentially Applicable
Management	Parts 260 to 279	and disposal requirements.	- committee of the comm
Subtitle D – Managing Municipal and	42 USC § 6901, 40 CFR	Establishes guidelines for the management of non-	Potentially Applicable
Solid Waste	Parts 257 and 258	hazardous solid waste.	J 11
Standards for Owners and Operators of	40 CFR Part 264.13.14	Requirements for proper handling, treatment, storage,	Potentially Applicable
Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and		and disposal of hazardous wastes.	
Disposal (TSD) Facilities			
Disposal of Solid Waste	42 U.S.C. § 6901	Facility or practices in floodplains will not restrict flow	Potentially Applicable
	et seq; 40 CFR 257	of basic flood, reduce the temporary water storage	
		capacity of the floodplain or otherwise result in a wash-	
		out of solid waste.	

Standard, Requirement Criteria, or		, 0	Applicable/Relevant and		
Limitation	Citation	Description	Appropriate?		
		DERAL (continued)			
Closure Requirements	RCRA/HWMA 40 CFR	Closure of hazardous waste repositories must meet	Potentially Applicable		
	& 264, Subpart G	protective standards. Regulations to minimize contaminant migration, provide leachate collection and			
		prevent contaminant exposure will be met.			
Landfill Design and Construction	RCRA/HWMA 40 CFR	Hazardous waste landfills must meet minimum design	Potentially Applicable		
	& 264, Subpart N	standards. Protectiveness will be achieved through			
		capping and institutional controls.			
Groundwater Monitoring	RCRA/HWMA 40 CFR	Establishes standards for detection and compliance	Not Applicable or Relevant		
	& 264, Subpart F 40 CFR	monitoring. Site wide monitoring will accommodate	and Appropriate. Treatment		
	& 264, Subpart X	specific groundwater monitoring requirements.	of groundwater is outside		
Occupational Functionate Ashartas	29 CFR Parts 1910 and	Establishes OCHA asserting and set of male to d	the Removal Action scope.		
Occupational Exposure to Asbestos	1926.	Establishes OSHA requirements for asbestos-related work in the construction and demolition industry.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate		
	1920.	work in the construction and demontion industry.	Appropriate		
		Requirements on exposure limits, work practices and			
		engineering controls to provide worker safety in			
		handling, removal, disposal, or other workplace			
		exposure to asbestos.			
Superfund Remedial Design and	EPA OSWER Directive	Provides guidance for site remediation and the design	To Be Considered		
Remedial Action Guidance	9355.0-4A, June 1986	of remedial action components.			
Hazardous Materials Transportation	49 USC §§ 1801-1813	Regulates transportation of hazardous materials.	Potentially Applicable		
Act	49 CFR Parts 10, 171-177				
Surface Mining Control and	30 USC §§ 1201-1328	Performance standards for surface mining activities.	Potentially Relevant and		
Reclamation Act	F	Demine Calculation in the social above at	Appropriate To Do Considered		
Indian Sacred Sites	Executive Order 13007	Requires federal agencies to avoid physical damage to Indian sacred sites and to avoid interfering with access	To Be Considered		
		to such sites.			
Protection and Enhancement of the	Executive Order 11593	Directs federal agencies to nominate historic properties	To Be Considered		
Cultural Environment		to the NRHP and treat properties that are eligible for			
		the NRHP as though they were listed.			

Standard, Requirement Criteria, or Limitation	Citation	Description	Applicable/Relevant and Appropriate?
	FED	DERAL (continued)	
Invasive Species	Executive Order 13112	Requires federal agencies to prevent the introduction of invasive species.	To Be Considered
Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)	16 USC §§ 703 et seq.	Establishes federal responsibility for the protection of the international migratory bird resource and requires continued consultation with the USFWS during remedial design and remedial construction to ensure that the cleanup of the site does not unnecessarily impact migratory birds.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate
Responsibilities of Federal Agencies to Protect Migratory Birds	Executive Order 13186	Requires federal agencies to avoid or minimize adverse impacts to migratory bird resources to the extent practical.	To Be Considered

Standard, Requirement Criteria, or		y vinc, vi asmigton	Applicable/Relevant and
Limitation	Citation	Description	Appropriate?
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MTCA	RCW 70.105D, WAC	Establishes procedures and standards for investigating	Potentially Applicable
	Chapter 173-340	and cleaning up sites with hazardous substances	
		present.	
Sediment Management Standards	WAC 173-204	Establishes freshwater surface sediment management	Potentially Relevant and
		standards.	Appropriate
Regulation and Licensing of Well	RCW 18.104, WAC	Establishes procedures for well contractors and	Potentially Applicable
Contractors and Operators	Chapter 173-162	operators.	
Minimum Standards for Construction and	RCW 18.104, WAC	Sets minimum standards for the construction of water	Potentially Applicable
Maintenance of Water Wells	Chapter 173-160	and monitoring wells, and well decommissioning.	
Hazardous Waste Management Act and	RCW 70.105, WAC	Establishes regulations for the handling and deposition	Potentially Applicable –
Dangerous Waste Regulations	Chapter 173-303	of dangerous waste, including identification,	Washington has not adopted
		accumulation, storage, transport, treatment, and	the Bevill Amendment for
		disposal.	mining wastes.
Solids Waste Handling Standards	RCW 70.95, WAC	Establishes standards for the proper handling and	Potentially Applicable or
	Chapter 173-350	disposal of solid waste, and requirements for the	Relevant and Appropriate
		design, construction, operation, and closure of solid	
		waste handling facilities.	
Hydraulic Code	RCW 77.55, WAC	Requires a Hydraulics Project Approval permit for	Substantive provisions
	Chapter 220-110	construction activities that use, divert, obstruct, or	potentially Applicable
		change the bed or flow of state waters.	
Shoreline Management Act (SMA)	RCW 90.58	Established to prevent harm to the state's shorelines,	Applicable Requirement
		including streams with a mean annual flow greater than	
		20 cubic feet per second.	
Fugitive Dust Emissions	40 CFR Section 50.6	Establishes standards for PM-10	Applicable Requirement
Water Quality Standards for Surface	RCW 90.48, WAC	Establishes mixing zone effluent limits for discharges	Potentially Applicable
Waters – Mixing Zones	Chapter 173-201A-400	to surface water.	
Water Quality Standards for Surface	RCW 90.48, WAC	Allows for short-term modification to water quality	Potentially Applicable
Waters – Short-term Modifications	Chapter 173-201A-410	criteria for specific water bodies when necessary.	
Submission of Plans and Reports for	RCW 90.48, WAC	Requires submission of wastewater treatment systems	Potentially Applicable
Construction of Wastewater Treatment	Chapter 173-240	designs to the WDOE for review and approval.	
Facilities			

Standard, Requirement Criteria, or Limitation	Citation	Description	Applicable/Relevant and Appropriate?
Elimitation	<u> </u>	•	Арргорпас.
	STATE OF V	VASHINGTON (continued)	
Aquatic Lands Management	RCW 79.90, WAC Chapter 332-30	Establishes criteria for the management of state-owned aquatic lands to promote uses and protect resources.	Potentially Applicable
Water Code and Regulation of Public Groundwater – Surface Water and Groundwater Withdrawal	RCW 90-90.03 and 90.44	Specify criteria and procedures for appropriating surface water and groundwater for beneficial uses.	Potentially Applicable
Maximum Environmental Noise Levels	RCW-70.107, WAC Chapter 173-60	Establishes maximum permissible noise levels.	Potentially Applicable
Washington Clean Air Act and Implementing Regulations	WAC Chapter 173-400- 040(8)	Requires reasonable precautions be taken to prevent the generation of fugitive dust.	Potentially Relevant and Appropriate
General Regulations for Air Pollution Sources	RCW 70.94, WAC Chapter 173-400	Regulates air pollution from contaminant sources, and establishes rules for the control and prevention of air contaminant emissions.	Potentially Applicable